

ORDINANCE NO. 2021-12

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF HACKETTSTOWN, COUNTY OF WARREN AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY, ESTABLISHING NEW CHAPTER 5A IN THE TOWN CODE REGARDING THE LICENSURE AND TAXATION OF CANNABIS BUSINESSES

WHEREAS, in 2020 New Jersey voters approved Public Question No. 1, which amended the New Jersey Constitution to allow for the legalization of a controlled form of marijuana called “cannabis” for adults at least 21 years of age; and

WHEREAS, Public Question No. 1 was approved by the voters of Hackettstown by a margin of 3,009 (63.3%) in favor and 1,742 (36.6%) opposed; and

WHEREAS, on February 22, 2021, Governor Murphy signed into law P.L. 2021, c. 16 (C. 24:6I-1 et seq.), known as the “New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act” (the “Act”), which legalizes the recreational use of marijuana by adults 21 years of age or older, and establishes a comprehensive regulatory and licensing scheme for commercial recreational (adult use) cannabis operations, use and possession; and

WHEREAS, the Act establishes six marketplace classes of licensed businesses, including:

- Class 1 Cannabis Cultivator license, for facilities involved in growing and cultivating cannabis;
- Class 2 Cannabis Manufacturer license, for facilities involved in the manufacturing, preparation, and packaging of cannabis items;
- Class 3 Cannabis Wholesaler license, for facilities involved in obtaining and selling cannabis items for later resale by other licensees;
- Class 4 Cannabis Distributor license, for businesses involved in transporting cannabis plants in bulk from one licensed cultivator to another licensed cultivator, or cannabis items in bulk from any type of licensed cannabis business to another;
- Class 5 Cannabis Retailer license for locations at which cannabis items and related supplies are sold to consumers; and
- Class 6 Cannabis Delivery license, for businesses providing courier services for consumer purchases that are fulfilled by a licensed cannabis retailer in order to make deliveries of the purchases items to a consumer, and which service would include the ability of a consumer to make a purchase directly through the cannabis delivery service which would be presented by the delivery service for fulfillment by a retailer and then delivered to a consumer.; and

WHEREAS, the Act authorizes municipalities by ordinance to adopt ordinances or regulations governing the number of cannabis establishments (defined in the Act as “a cannabis cultivator, a cannabis manufacturer, a cannabis wholesaler, or a cannabis retailer”), cannabis distributors or cannabis delivery services allowed to operate within their boundaries, as well as the location, manner, and times of operation of such establishments and distributors, but not the time of operation of delivery services, and establishing civil penalties for the violation of any such regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Act, at C. 24:6I-24, establishes a Cannabis Regulatory Commission, which is empowered and authorized to promulgate regulations concerning activities associated with cannabis, which regulations have been promulgated at N.J.A.C. 17:30; and

WHEREAS, N.J.A.C. 17:30-5.1 authorizes municipalities to adopt ordinances imposing a separate local licensing requirement, including reasonable license fees; and

WHEREAS, section 40 of the Act permits a municipality to adopt an ordinance imposing a transfer tax on the sale of cannabis or cannabis items by a cannabis establishment that is located in the municipality on receipts from the sale of cannabis by a cannabis cultivator to another cannabis cultivator; receipts from the sale of cannabis items from one cannabis establishment to another cannabis establishment; receipts from the retail sales of cannabis items by a cannabis retailer to retail consumers who are 21 years of age or older; or any combination thereof and to set its own rate or rates, but in no case exceeding: two percent of the receipts from each sale by a cannabis cultivator; two percent of the receipts from each sale by a cannabis manufacturer; one percent of the receipts from each sale by a cannabis wholesaler; and two percent of the receipts from each sale by a cannabis retailer, further set forth at N.J.A.C 17:30-5.1; and

WHEREAS, Town of Hackettstown Ordinance No. 2021-04, amending, among other things, Section 601 of the Town’s Land Development Ordinance, authorizes cannabis cultivation and/or manufacturing facility use as a condition use in the Town’s LM Zone District; and

WHEREAS, Town of Hackettstown Ordinance No. 2021-09, amending, among other things, Section 601 of the Town’s Land Development Ordinance, authorizes the retail sales of cannabis in the HC and CC Zone Districts; and

WHEREAS, the Town wishes to adopt licensure requirements and impose a scheme of taxation pursuant to N.J.A.C. 17:30-5.1.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED, by the Town Council of the Hackettstown, in the County of Warren, State of New Jersey, as follows:

1. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 24:6I-1 et seq. and N.J.A.C. 17:30 the Town Code of the Town of Hackettstown is hereby amended with the inclusion of new Chapter 5A, entitled “Cannabis”, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5A. Cannabis.

5A-1. Cannabis Establishment Licenses.

The purpose of this section is to establish the requirements for a duly licensed Cannabis Establishment operating within the Town. The provisions of this section are subject to the enabling authority of the State of New Jersey and are subject to compliance with all statutes and/or regulations adopted by the State of New Jersey or its instrumentalities. If any provisions of this Section are inconsistent with the statutes and/or regulations of the State of New Jersey, the State statute and/or regulation shall govern.

5A-2. Definitions.

For the purpose of this Chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section:

“Cannabis Cultivator” means any licensed person or entity that grows, cultivates, or produces cannabis in this State, and sells, and may transport, this cannabis to other cannabis cultivators, or usable cannabis to cannabis manufacturers, cannabis wholesalers, or cannabis retailers, but not to consumers. This person or entity shall hold a Class 1 Cannabis Cultivator license.

“Cannabis Establishment” means a cannabis cultivator, a cannabis distributor, a cannabis manufacturer, a cannabis wholesaler, cannabis retailer, or a cannabis delivery service.

“Cannabis Manufacturer” means any licensed person or entity that processes cannabis items in this State by purchasing or otherwise obtaining usable cannabis, manufacturing, preparing, and packaging cannabis items, and selling, and optionally transporting, these items to other cannabis manufacturers, cannabis wholesalers, or cannabis retailers, but not to consumers. This person or entity shall hold a Class 2 Cannabis Manufacturer license.

“Cannabis Retailer” means any licensed person or entity that purchases or otherwise obtains usable cannabis from cannabis cultivators and cannabis items from cannabis manufacturers or cannabis wholesalers, and sells these to consumers from a retail store, and may use a cannabis delivery service or a certified cannabis handler for the off-premises delivery of cannabis items and related supplies to consumers. Cannabis retailer shall also accept consumer purchases to be fulfilled from its retail store that are presented by a cannabis delivery service which will be delivered by the cannabis delivery service to that consumer. This person or entity shall hold a Class 5 Cannabis Retailer license.

5A-3. Cannabis Establishment License Fees.

The annual license fee for the Cannabis Establishments in the Town shall be as follows:

Class of License Annual License Fee:

1. Class 1 Cannabis Cultivator: \$1,000.00
2. Class 2 Cannabis Manufacturer. \$1000.00
3. Class 5 Cannabis Retailer \$1,000.00.

5A-4. License Conditions.

In order to be granted a business license for the operation of any Cannabis Establishment the following conditions must be satisfied:

- a. Completion of all forms, checklists, and other submissions as may be required by the Town Clerk's Office;
- b. Payment of all applicable local fees, including inspection and licensing fees;
- c. Demonstration that all applicable State licenses have been obtained;
- d. Passage of all applicable State and local inspections required to be completed prior to the beginning of operations and/or renewal of any State and/or local license;
- e. Emergency contact information to be utilized by police, fire, and EMT personnel in the event of an on-site emergency;
- f. Submission of a full copy of the Application for State Licensure, via hard copy or digitally, with pages prominently marked "CONFIDENTIAL" as appropriate for purposes of compliance with New Jersey's Open Public Records Act (NOTE: pages not marked as confidential will be disclosed in response to an applicable OPRA request); and
- g. Submission of application fee of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).
- h. Licenses fees shall renew annually on July 1, and all licenses shall expire June 30 regardless of the date the license was first obtained. It is the obligation of license holders to obtain license renewal forms from the Town Clerk and submit completed forms to the Town Clerk not less than forty-five (45) days prior to expiration of the current license.
- i. All cannabis licenses shall be non-transferable.

5A-5. Town Council Approval of Applications.

Whenever the Cannabis Regulatory Commission established by N.J.S.A. 24:6I-24 (the "Commission") forwards to the Town any application for initial licensing or renewal of an existing license for any cannabis establishment, distributor, or delivery service, or for a cannabis consumption area pursuant to N.J.S.A. 24:6I-21, or otherwise solicits the position of the Town on any matter related to cannabis-related activities within the Town, or upon the request of an applicant for or holder of such license, the Town Council shall determine whether the application complies with the Town's restrictions on the number of cannabis establishments, distributors, or delivery services, and on their location, manner, or times of operation, and promptly inform the Commission, applicant for or holder of a license whether the application complies with same and whether it either approves or denies each application or other request for Town authorization forwarded to it. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall prohibit any elected or appointed official or employee from expressing their opinions or views on cannabis-related matters in their personal or individual official capacity, or endorsing an applicant for or holder of a license issued by the Commission, provided that such official shall not represent that their opinions or views are those of the Town unless based on a duly adopted ordinance or resolution of the Town, or other action of a majority of the governing body.

5A-6. Coordination of Safety and Security Measures.

Any applicant for a cannabis cultivation or cannabis manufacturing facility shall coordinate with the Chief of Police, or his or her designee, regarding the measures to be taken to ensure the security of the facility and the safety of the public and facility employees. Such measures may include, but are not limited to, facility access controls, surveillance systems, and site lighting consistent with the requirements of State law.

5A-7. Inspections.

Subject to the requirements and limitations of State law, the Town shall have the reasonable right to inspect the premises of any approved dispensary, cannabis cultivation or cannabis manufacturing facility during its regular hours of operation to ensure compliance with local ordinances and regulations.

5A-8. Operational Requirements.

A Cannabis Establishment issued a permit or license by the State of New Jersey and operating in the Town under this Chapter shall at all times comply with the following operational requirements:

- a. A Cannabis Establishment shall comply with the zoning code, the building code, and the property maintenance code at all times.
- b. The Cannabis Establishment must hold at all times a valid license or permit issued by the State of New Jersey to undertake cannabis cultivation and manufacturing

activities at the permitted property. A State issued license is valid only for the location identified on the license and until the expiration date printed on the license and cannot be transferred to another location in the Town without a new application. The State issued license shall be prominently displayed inside the permitted premises in a location where it can be easily viewed by law enforcement and administrative authorities.

- c. Cultivation and manufacturing operations shall be conducted solely within the permitted premises on the permitted property. No cultivation or manufacturing facility shall be permitted to operate from a moveable, mobile or transitory location, except for the permitted and transportation of cannabis and cannabis products to and from the facility pursuant to the terms of the State license or permit.
- a. No person under the age of 18 shall be permitted to enter into the permitted premises without a parent or legal guardian.
- b. A cannabis cultivation or manufacturing facility shall at all times maintain a security system that meets State law requirements, and shall also include:
 - 1. Security surveillance cameras installed to monitor all entrances along with the interior and exterior of the permitted premises;
 - 2. Burglary alarm systems which are professionally monitored and operated 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
 - 3. All security recordings and documentation shall be preserved for at least 30 days and made available to law enforcement upon request for inspection.
- f. All cannabis in whatever form stored at the permitted premises shall be kept in a secure manner and shall not be visible from outside the permitted premises, nor shall it be grown, processed, exchanged, displayed or dispensed outside the permitted premises.
- g. The amount of cannabis on the permitted property and under the control of the permit holder, owner or operator of the facility shall not exceed the amount permitted by the State license.
- h. Cannabis offered for sale and distribution must be packaged and labeled in accordance with State law.
- i. No pictures, photographs, drawings, or other depictions of cannabis or cannabis paraphernalia shall appear on the outside of any permitted premises nor be visible outside of the permitted premises on the permitted property.
- j. The words "marijuana," "cannabis" and any other words used or intended to convey the presence or availability of marijuana shall not appear on the outside of the permitted premises nor be visible outside of the permitted premises on the permitted

property.

- k. Sales to the public, public consumption, or use of cannabis, alcohol, cannabis or other controlled substances on the permitted premises is prohibited.
- l. The facility's operation and design shall minimize any impact to adjacent uses, including the control of any odor such that no odor is detectable beyond the permitted property. No facility shall be operated in a manner creating noise, dust, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors beyond the boundaries of the property on which the facility is operated; or creating any other nuisance that hinders the public health, safety and welfare of the residents of the Town of Hackettstown.
- m. No person operating or employed by a cannabis cultivation or manufacturing facility shall provide or otherwise make available cannabis to any person who is not legally authorized to possess same under state law.
- n. All necessary building, electrical, plumbing and mechanical permits must be obtained for any part of the permitted premises in which electrical, wiring, lighting or watering devices that support the cultivation, growing, harvesting or testing of cannabis are located.
- o. The owner and operator of a cannabis cultivation or manufacturing facility shall use lawful methods in controlling and disposing of waste or by-products from any activities allowed under the State license or permit.
- p. Cannabis may be transported within the Town under this ordinance by a company licensed to do so by the State, and to effectuate its purpose, only:
 - 1. In a manner consistent with all applicable State laws and rules, as amended;
 - 2. In a secure manner designed to prevent the loss of the cannabis.
- q. Using vehicles that do not have exterior markings including the words "marijuana," "cannabis," or any similar or slang words; pictures or other renderings of the cannabis plant; advertisements for cannabis or for its sale, transfer, cultivation, delivery, transportation or manufacture; or any other word, phrase or symbol indicating or tending to indicate that the vehicle is transporting cannabis.
- r. No vehicle may be used for the ongoing or continuous storage of cannabis, but may only be used incidental to, and in furtherance of, the transportation of cannabis and cannabis products.

5A-9. Cannabis Establishment Sales Tax.

- a. A tax is hereby imposed upon all persons engaged in the business of selling cannabis as a Cannabis Cultivator, Cannabis Manufacturer, or Cannabis Retailer in the Town, at the rate of two percent (2%) of the gross receipts from such sales made in the course of that business. Retailers may reimburse themselves for their tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with any State tax that retailers are required to collect.
- b. The imposition of the tax imposed by this Section is in accordance with the provisions of State law and is in addition to any and all other taxes and charges.
- c. The tax imposed by this Section, and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereto, shall be remitted to, collected by and enforced by the Town Chief Financial Officer, who shall have the full power to administer and enforce the provisions of this Section.
- d. The failure to timely collect or remit all taxes due pursuant to this Section is a violation of this Code and may be subject to the penalties hereunder.

5A-10. Tax Liability.

Every Cannabis Establishment required to collect a sales tax imposed by ordinance pursuant to this Chapter shall be personally liable for the tax imposed, collected, or required to be collected under this Chapter. Any Cannabis Establishment shall have the same right with respect to collecting the sales tax from another cannabis establishment or the consumer as if the sales tax was a part of the sale and payable at the same time, or with respect to non-payment of the sales tax by the Cannabis Establishment or consumer, as if the sales tax was a part of the purchase price of the cannabis or cannabis item, or equivalent value of the transfer of the cannabis or cannabis item, and payable at the same time; provided, however, that the Chief Financial Officer of the Town shall be joined as a party in any action or proceeding brought to collect the sales tax.

5A-11. Collection of Taxes and Lien.

All revenues collected from a sales tax imposed by this Chapter shall be remitted to the Chief Financial Officer in the manner prescribed herein. The Chief Financial Officer shall collect and administer any sales tax imposed by this chapter. The Town may enforce the payment of delinquent taxes imposed by this Chapter in the same manner as provided for municipal real property taxes. In the event that the sales tax imposed by this Chapter is not paid as and when due by a Cannabis Establishment, the unpaid balance, and any interest accruing thereon, shall be a lien on the parcel of real property comprising the Cannabis Establishment's premises in the same manner as all other unpaid municipal taxes, fees, or other charges. The lien shall be superior and paramount to the interest in the parcel of any owner, lessee, tenant, mortgagee, or other person, except the lien of municipal taxes, and shall be on a parity with and deemed equal to the municipal lien on the parcel for unpaid property taxes due and owing in the same year. The Town shall file

in the office of its tax collector a statement showing the amount and due date of the unpaid balance and identifying the lot and block number of the parcel of real property that comprises the delinquent cannabis establishment's premises. The lien shall be enforced as a municipal lien in the same manner as all other municipal liens are enforced.

5A-12. Administration of Transfer Tax.

The Chief Financial Officer is charged with the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this Chapter, and is empowered to prescribe, adopt, promulgate and enforce rules and regulations relating to any matter pertaining to the administration and enforcement of this chapter, including provisions for the reexamination and corrections of declarations and returns, and of payments alleged or found to be incorrect, or as to which an overpayment is claimed or found to have occurred, and to prescribe forms necessary for the administration of this chapter. Should a Cannabis Establishment fail or refuse to provide adequate information to the chief financial officer to determine the amount of tax due, the chief financial officer may use information provided to the Chief Financial Officer from other sources (i.e., the Commission or Department of Treasury) to determine the amount of tax liability.

- a. It shall be the duty of the Chief Financial Officer to collect and receive the taxes, fines, and penalties imposed by this chapter. It shall also be the duty of the Chief Financial Officer to keep a record showing the date of such receipt. The Chief Financial Officer is authorized to enter into agreements with the State of New Jersey to obtain information to facilitate administration of the tax. The Chief Financial Officer is authorized to issue a ruling upon written request of a taxpayer or upon its own volition.
- b. The Chief Financial Officer is hereby authorized to examine the books, papers and records of any taxpayer to verify the accuracy of any declaration or return, or if no declaration or return was filed, to ascertain the tax due. Every taxpayer is hereby directed and required to give to the Chief Financial Officer, or to any agent designated by him/her, the means, facilities and opportunity for such examinations and investigations, as are hereby authorized.

5A-13. Recordkeeping.

Taxpayers liable for the sales tax are required to keep such records as will enable the filing of true and accurate returns or the tax and such records shall be preserved for a period of not less than three (3) years from the filing date or due date, whichever is later, in order to enable the Chief Financial Officer or any agent designated by him to verify the correctness of the declarations or returns filed. If records are not available in the municipality to support the returns which were filed or which should have been filed, the taxpayer will be required to make them available to the Chief Financial Officer either by producing them at a location in the municipality or by paying for the expenses incurred

by the Chief Financial Officer or his agent in traveling to the place where the records are regularly kept.

5A-14. Returns.

All Cannabis Establishments operating in the Town are required to file a sales tax return with the Chief Financial Officer to report their sales during each calendar quarter and the amount of tax in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Returns shall be filed and payments of tax imposed for the preceding calendar quarter shall be made on or before the last day of April, July, October, and January, respectively. A taxpayer who has overpaid the sales tax, or who believes it is not liable for the tax, may file a written request on an amended tax return with the Chief Financial Officer for a refund or a credit of the tax. For amounts paid as a result of a notice asserting or informing a taxpayer of an underpayment, a written request for a refund shall be filed with the Chief Financial Officer within two (2) years of the date of the payment.

5A-15. Confidentiality.

The returns filed by taxpayers, and the records and files of the Chief Financial Officer respecting the administration of the sales tax, shall be considered confidential and privileged and neither the Town nor any employee or agent engaged in the administration thereof or charged with the custody of any such records or files, nor any former officer or employee, nor any person who may have secured information therefrom, shall divulge, disclose, use for their own personal advantage, or examine for any reason other than a reason necessitated by the performance of official duties any information obtained from the said records or files or from any examination or inspection of the premises or property of any person. Neither the Chief Financial Officer nor any employee engaged in such administration or charged with the custody of any such records or files shall be required to produce any of them for the inspection of any person or for use in any action or proceeding except when the records or files or the facts shown thereby are directly involved in an action or proceeding under the provisions of the State Uniform Tax Procedure Law or of the tax law affected, or where the determination of the action or proceeding will affect the validity or amount of the claim of the Town under the tax provisions of this Chapter.

5A-16. Audit and Assessment.

The Chief Financial Officer may initiate an audit by means of an audit notice. If, as a result of an examination conducted by the Chief Financial Officer, a return has not been filed by a taxpayer or a return is found to be incorrect and sales taxes are owed, the Chief Financial Officer is authorized to assess and collect any tax due. If no return has been filed and tax is found to be due, the tax actually due may be assessed and collected with or without the formality of obtaining a return from the taxpayer. Deficiency assessments (i.e., where a taxpayer has filed a return but is found to owe additional tax) shall include taxes for up to three (3) years to the date when the deficiency is assessed. Where no return was filed, there shall be no limit to the period of assessment.

Upon proposing an assessment, the Chief Financial Officer shall send the taxpayer an interim notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, which advises the taxpayer of additional taxes that are due. Should the taxpayer wish to dispute the assessment administratively by requesting a hearing with the Chief Financial Officer, it must do so within thirty (30) days of the date of such interim notice. If, after the Chief Financial Officer sends an interim notice, a taxpayer fails to timely request a hearing with the Chief Financial Officer or requests a hearing and after conducting a hearing, the chief financial officer determines that the taxes are due, the Chief Financial officer shall send the taxpayer by certified mail, return receipt requested, a final notice. Should the taxpayer wish to dispute the assessment set forth in the final notice, he or she must initiate an appeal in the New Jersey Tax Court within ninety (90) days after the mailing of any final notice regarding a decision, order, finding, assessment, or action hereunder.

5A-17. Time Limitations.

The following periods of limitations shall apply to suits for collection of taxes: When a return has been filed but no tax paid, any suit brought to recover the tax due and unpaid shall be filed within two (2) years after the return was due or filed, whichever is later. Where no return was filed or a fraudulent return was filed, there shall be no limits to file suit for the collection of taxes. Where, before the expiration of the time prescribed in this section for the filing a lawsuit against the taxpayer, both the Chief Financial Officer and the taxpayer have consented in writing to its extension after such time, the suit may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. The period so agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon.

5A-18. Hearings.

Any person who receives an interim notice from the Chief Financial Officer may within thirty (30) days after the date of an interim notice, request a hearing with the Chief Financial Officer. Any person who fails to request a chief financial officer's hearing in a timely manner waives the right to administratively contest any element of the assessment. The Chief Financial Officer shall accept payments of disputed tax amounts under protest pending appeals; however, any request for refund of such monies must be filed in accordance with this section.

5A-19. Appeals.

Any aggrieved taxpayer may, within ninety (90) days after the mailing of any final notice regarding a decision, order, finding, assessment, or action hereunder, or publication of any rule, regulation or policy of the chief financial officer, appeal to the Tax Court pursuant to the jurisdiction granted by N.J.S.A. 2B:13-2a(3) to review actions or regulations of municipal officials by filing a complaint in accordance with the New Jersey Court Rule 8:3-1. The appeal provided by this section shall be the exclusive

remedy available to any taxpayer for review of a final decision of the Chief Financial Officer in respect to a determination of liability for the tax imposed by this chapter.

5A-20. Penalties.

Violations of the provisions and requirements set forth or referenced herein may be enforced in any manner the Town deems appropriate, including but not limited to bringing an appropriate ordinance enforcement action. When an ordinance enforcement action is brought, the General Penalty provisions of Town Code (§1-8), as amended from time to time, shall apply. In addition to any other remedies, the Town may institute proceedings for injunction, mandamus, abatement or other appropriate remedies to prevent, enjoin, abate or remove any violations of this Chapter. The rights and remedies provided herein are civil in nature. The imposition of a fine shall not exempt the violator from compliance with the provisions of this Chapter.

2. Definitions and Repealer. Unless specifically defined otherwise herein, any term used herein shall be incorporate the definition of that term in the New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act, N.J.S.A. 24:6I-1 et seq., and associated Regulations promulgated by the Cannabis Regulatory Commission, N.J.A.C. 17:30. Any article, section, paragraph, subsection, clause, or other provision of the Town of Hackettstown Ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance is hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

3. No ordinance, regulation or interpretation thereof shall conflict with the New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act, N.J.S.A. 24:6I-1 et seq., and associated Regulations promulgated by the Cannabis Regulatory Commission, N.J.A.C. 17:30. If any section, paragraph, subsection, clause, or provision of this ordinance shall be adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction to conflict with those authorities or otherwise be invalid, such adjudication shall apply only to the section, paragraph, subsection, clause, or provision so adjudged, and the remainder of this ordinance shall be deemed valid and effective.

4. Effective Date. This ordinance shall take effect upon its passage and publication and filing as otherwise provided for by law.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the aforesaid ordinance was introduced at a regular meeting of the Common Council of the Town of Hackettstown, New Jersey, held on October 14, 2021, and that at a regular meeting of the same to be held on November 8, 2021 at the Municipal Building, 215 Stiger Street, Hackettstown, New Jersey, at the hour of 7:00 p.m., the said Common Council will conduct a public hearing and will consider the final passage of said ordinance.

WILLIAM W. KUSTER, JR.
Town Clerk/Administrator